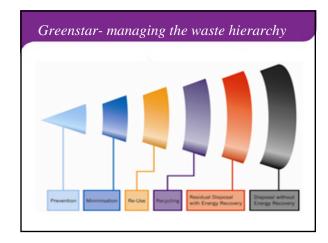


# The Role of Geology in the Successful Delivery of Landfill Sites Margaret Heavey General Manager Landfill Development & Operations Greenstar



# Greenstar – who we are

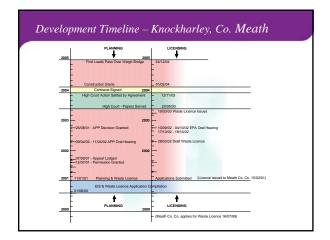
- Established 1999
- · Response to Government Policy "Changing our Ways"
- · Irish owned and managed
- 500+ employees in 20 locations
- Ireland's largest waste management company
- · Education, Recycling, Composting, Residual Landfill/ energy recovery
- Manages household, commercial and industrial (C&I) waste
- 27,000+ customers nationwide
- €120m+ investment in Irish waste infrastructure to date
- Planned Investment €180m over next 4 years





### Role of Geology in Landfill Development & Operations

- Site Selection
- Design
- EIS
- Planning /Licensing
- · Judicial Review proceedings
- Construction
- EPA approval to open / liner CQA certification
- Long-term development / operation



## The Role Of Geology in Landfill Site Selection

- EU Landfill Directive (1999)
  - •Location must take into account geological and hydrogeological conditions and groundwater protection zones in the area
  - · Can only be authorised if no serious environmental risk
- · Groundwater Protection Plans
- GSI Groundwater Protection Responses for Landfills

Vulnerability Rating	Source Protection Area		Resource Protection - Aquifer Category						
			Regionally	Regionally	Locally	Locally	Poor	Poor	
			Important (R)	Important (R)	Important (L)	Important (L)	Aquifers (P)	Aquifers (P)	
	Inner	Outer	Rk	Rf /Rg	Lm/Lg	Ш	PI	Pu	
Extreme (E)	R4	R4	R4	R4	R3 <sup>2</sup>	R2 <sup>2</sup>	R21	R21	
High (H)	R4	R4	R4	R4	R3'	R2'	R2'	R1	
Moderate (M)	R4	R4	R4	R31	R2 <sup>2</sup>	R21	R21	R1	
Low (L)	R4	R3'	R3'	R3'	R1	R1	R1	R1	

• Matrix integrated into EPA Manual on Site Selection (1996)

# The Role Of Geology in Landfill Site Selection

Greenstar Site	Overburden Depth	Overburden Type	Resource Protection Category	GSI Response Level	EPA Licence No.	Opening
		Sand / Gravel /				
KTK, Kilcullen Co. Kildare	to 25m	Clay	Pu	R1 / R21	81-2	Oct-98
Knockharley, Co. Meath	to 21m	Boulder Clay	Pu	R1	146-1	Dec-04
Connaught Regional Landfill, Co. Galway	to 10m	Peat and Boulder Clay	П	R2 <sup>2</sup>	178-1	Jan-06
Ballynagran, Co. Wicklow	to 25m	Boulder Clay	Pl, Ll	R1 / R21	165-1	Jan-07
Usk, Co Kildare	to 11m	Sand / Gravel and Boulder Clay	Pu	R2 <sup>1</sup>	168-1	Oct-08
Annaskinnan, Co. Westmeath	to 20m	Sand/Gravel / Clay	П	R2 <sup>2</sup>	153-1	N/A
Ballyguyroe, Co. Cork	to 30m	Clay / Peat	П	R1	157-1	N/A



# The Role Of Geology in Landfill Design

- EU Landfill Directive (1999)
  - Inert landfills mineral geological barrier equivalent to 1 metre of 1 X 10 -7
  - Non Hazardous Landfills 1 metre of 1 X  $10^{-9}$  m/s plus bottom liner
  - Hazardous Landfills 5 metres of 1 X 10-9 m/s plus bottom liner
  - Artificially established geological barrier no less than 0.5m thick Substratum sufficiently stable to prevent settlement damage to liner
- · EPA Licence Conditions
- EPA Manual Landfill Site Design
  - Construction specifications / guidelines
  - Construction Quality Assurance BAT Guidance Note Landfill Activities
- Liner design
  - Engineered Clay
- Bentonite Enhanced Soil (BES)
- Materials Balance
  - Road construction, embankments, landscaping, drainage, daily cover

# The Role Of Geology in Landfill Construction

- Site Investigation / Materials Balance
- Bill of Quantities
- IEI Conditions of Contract Clause 12
- Liner Construction & Placement
  - Window of Acceptability MC, DD, triaxial tests
  - Clay screening Grading, MC
  - BES batching Grading, MC, bentonite content
  - Insitu testing cores, triaxial tests, NDM, SRT
- Traffic / Dust / Noise / Neighbours
- Quality Assurance Construction Quality Assurance (CQA)
- Programme & Costs

# Summary

At best Geology can shorten the timeline and costs of a landfill development project

At worst, Geology can make a landfill development project fail.











