EU Policy and Legislation for Waste Management





IGI Seminar on EU Directives and the Geosciences
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Jonathan Derham

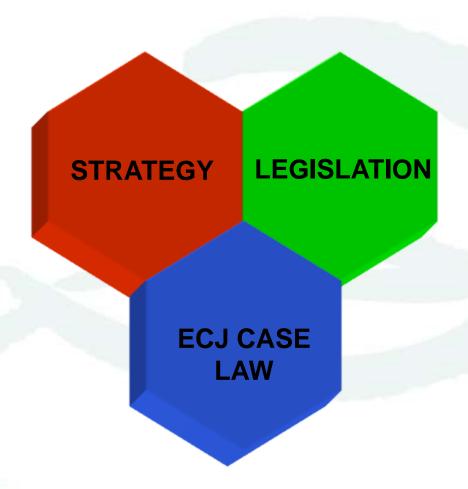
Presentation Overview

- EU Waste Policy
 - Strategy
 - Legislation
- EU Court of Justice & Waste
- New Waste Framework Directive
- Concluding Comments





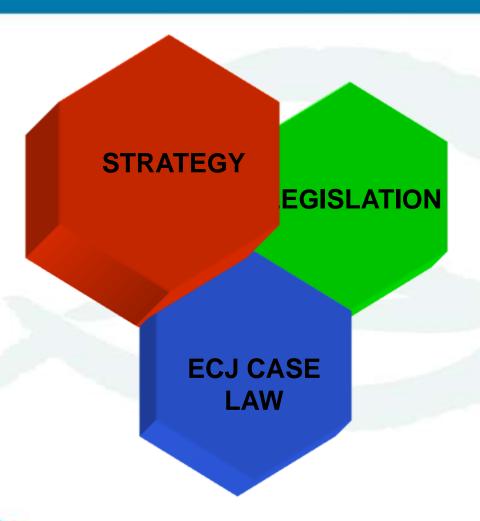
EU Waste Architecture – 3 Elements







EU Waste Architecture







EU Waste Strategy

- 6th Environmantal Action Programme
- EU Waste Strategy
 - Community Strategy for Waste Management [18.09.1989, SEC(89) 934 final]
 - Community Strategy for Waste Management [30.07.1996, COM(96) 399 final]
 - Taking Sustainable Use of Resources Forward A Thematic Strategy on the Prevention and Recycling of Waste [21.12.2005, Com(2005) 666 final]





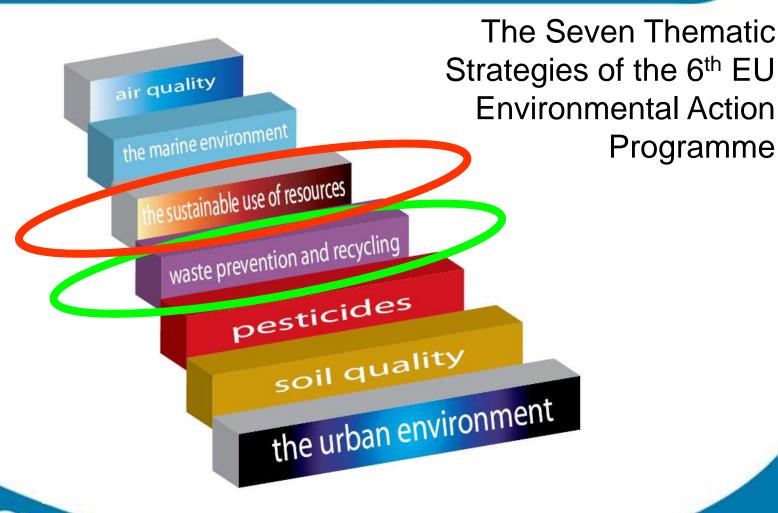
6th EU Environmental Action Programme & Waste

- The Sixth Environment Action Programme (6th EAP) is a programme of Community action on the environment with key objectives covering a period of ten years (2001 2010).
- The priorities of the 6th EAP are climate change, nature and biodiversity, health and quality of life, and natural resources and waste.
- The 6th EAP develops a vision integrating resource, product and waste policies. It calls for the development of seven thematic strategies including a strategy on the sustainable use of natural resources and a strategy on the recycling of waste. The scope of the recycling strategy was later expanded to cover both prevention and recycling of waste.





EU Waste Policy in Environmental Policy Context





Programme

EU Waste Strategy – Current Strategy

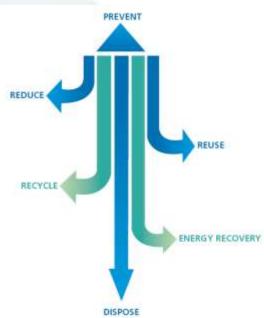
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Evolution of themes in EU Waste Strategy

- First Strategy 1989
 - Identify, Capture & Control waste movement and disposal
 - Specific controls for high risk wastes
- Second Strategy 1996
 - Waste Hierarachy
 - Technical Standards for waste activities
- Third Strategy 2005 …







Taking Sustainable Use of Resources Forward - A Thematic Strategy on the Prevention and Recycling of Waste, 2005

- The aim of the current Strategy is to secure a higher level of environmental protection by modernising the existing legal framework
- The long-term goal is for the EU to become a recycling society, that seeks to avoid waste and which uses waste as a resource. With high environmental reference standards in place the internal market will facilitate recycling and recovery activities.





Taking Sustainable Use of Resources Forward - A Thematic Strategy on the Prevention and Recycling of Waste, 2005

- Key Themes
 - Simplification and modernisation of existing legislation
 - A renewed emphasis on full implementation of existing legislation
 - Introduction of life-cycle thinking into waste policy
 - Promotion of more ambitious waste prevention policies
 - Better knowledge and information
 - Development of common reference standards for recycling
 - Further elaboration of the EU's recycling policy
- Strong emphasis on waste prevention





Taking Sustainable Use of Resources Forward - A Thematic Strategy on the Prevention and Recycling of Waste, 2005

- Main Anticipated Impacts of Current Strategy
 - Less waste to landfill
 - More compost recovery from waste
 - More energy recovery from waste
 - More and better recycling
 - Better prevention of waste
 - More clarity
 - ▶ e.g. Deregulation for secondary resources and by-products





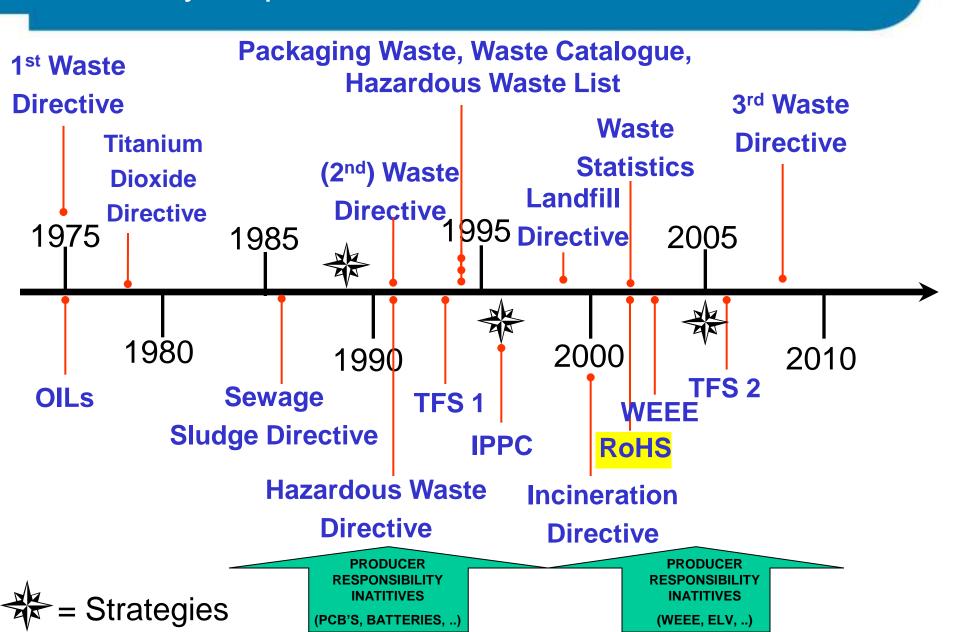
EU Waste Architecture



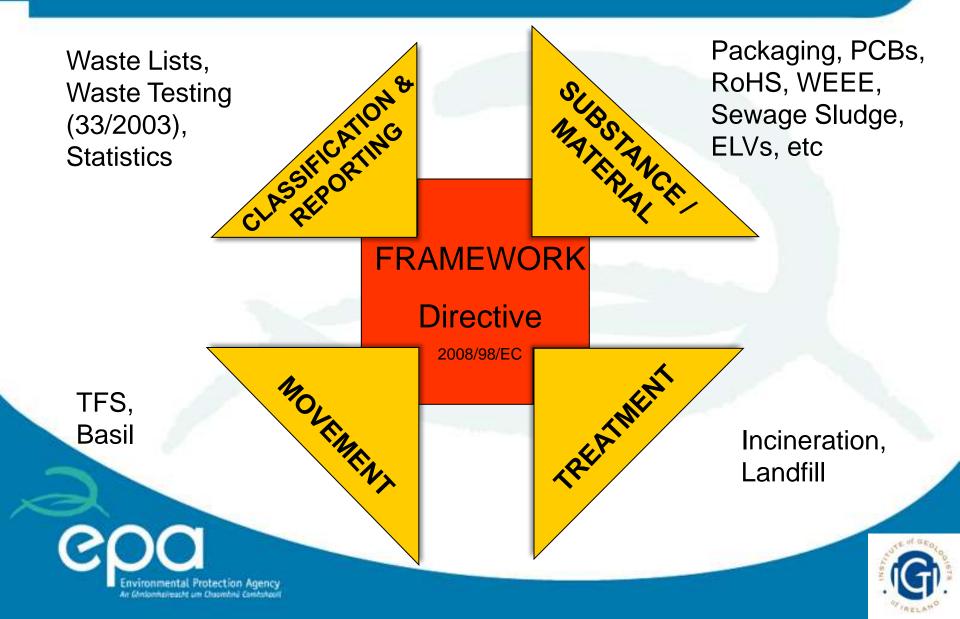




EU Policy Map / Timeline - KEY DEVELOPMENTS



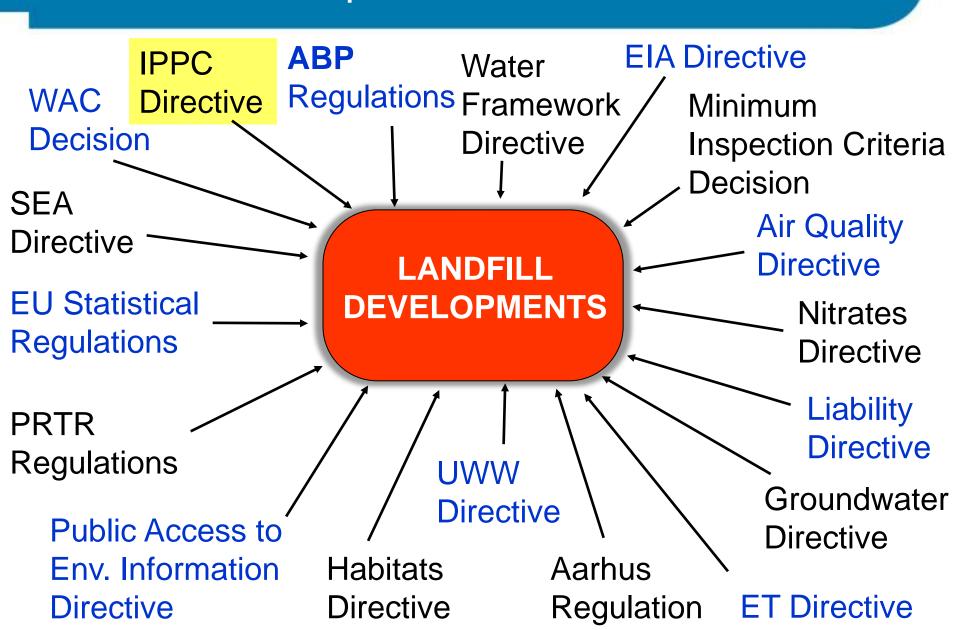
Structure of Waste Legislation



Waste Frameword Directive & other waste regulation



Interrelationships with other EU Law



EU Waste Architecture







European Court of Justice Decisions

- Very important resource for regulators and operators on the interpretation EU Directives and Regulations
- For Example
 - What is a waste?
 - What is discard?
 - What is recovery?
 - What is disposal?
 - Interrelationships between different laws
 - EIS and development of waste infrastructure
 - Habitats Directive and waste infrastructure
 - Etc., ...
- ECJ Decisions influence development of EU Law





European Court of Justice Decisions

- Some Key Decisions
 - Palin Granite Oy (Case C-9-00)
 - Avesta Polarit (Case C-114-01)
 - Van De Walle (Case C-1-03)
 - Kingdom of Spain (Cases C-416-02 & C-121-03)
 - Archo Chemie (Cases C-418-97 & C-419-97)
 - Total Oil (Case C-188-07)
 - Niselli (Case C-457-02)
 - Mayer Parry (Case C-444-00)
 - Gavle Sweden (Case C-251-07)
 - Germany Waste shipments (Case C-228-00)

Mining, Quarrying, Contaminated Land





New Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC (I)

- Comes into force 12 December 2010
- Consolidates & Repeals
 - Waste Framework Directive 2006
 - Hazardous Waste Directive
 - Waste Oils Directive
- Clarity
 - Exclusions
 - Definitions (Recycling, Recovery, Re-Use, ...)
 - End of Waste
 - Waste versus By-Product
 - Waste categories gone





Directive 2008/98/EC - Notable Exclusions

- Contaminated Land & connected buildings
- Uncontaminated soil and other natural material generated during construction and used again on site of production
- Radioactive waste
- Decommissioned Explosives
- Faecal matter
- Waste covered by Extractive Waste Directive
- Non-hazardous dredging sediments





New Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC (II)

- By-Product
 - Further use certain
 - Can be used directly without special processing
 - Produced in an production process
 - Use is lawful, meets product, environmental & safe use standards
- Similar proofs for End of Waste status
- Role of Technical Adaptation Committee





New Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC (III)

New or enhanced provisions:

- Extended Waste Producer Responsibility
- Waste Prevention
- Waste Prevention Programmes
- Bio-Waste
- Waste Hierarchy
- Product Producer Responsibility
- Inspections
- Enforcement sanctions
- Separate collections for waste streams





New Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC (IV)

- Product Producer Responsibility & Waste Prevention
 - Manufacturers to accept producer responsibilities
 - Product / Eco-Design
 - Life-cycle analysis
 - Reduction/elimination of hazardous substances in products
 - Promotion of durable, re-usable & recyclable products
 - Changing in consumption patterns
 - Decoupling waste generation from economic growth





New Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC (V)

- Early Actions
 - By 2015 Separate Collections for
 - Paper
 - Metal
 - Plastic
 - Glass
 - By 2020, recycling & preparing for reuse of 50% by weight of discarded household paper, glass, metal and glass
 - By 2020, recycling, recovery & preparing for reuse 70% by weight of discarded non-hazardous Construction & Demolition waste





Concluding Comments

- New Framework Directive will have profound impact over coming years
- EU 2005 waste strategy will continue to inform policy making
- EU Court of Justice significant influence on waste management for both regulators and operators
- Product producer responsibility to expand in scope and deepen in impact
- Potential for convergence of responsible product development obligations under REACH and waste prevention product Life-Cycle Analysis. REACH also relevant for End-of-Waste status
- Complex relationship with geo-environmental issues





Thank You!

Jonathan Derham

j.derham@epa.ie



