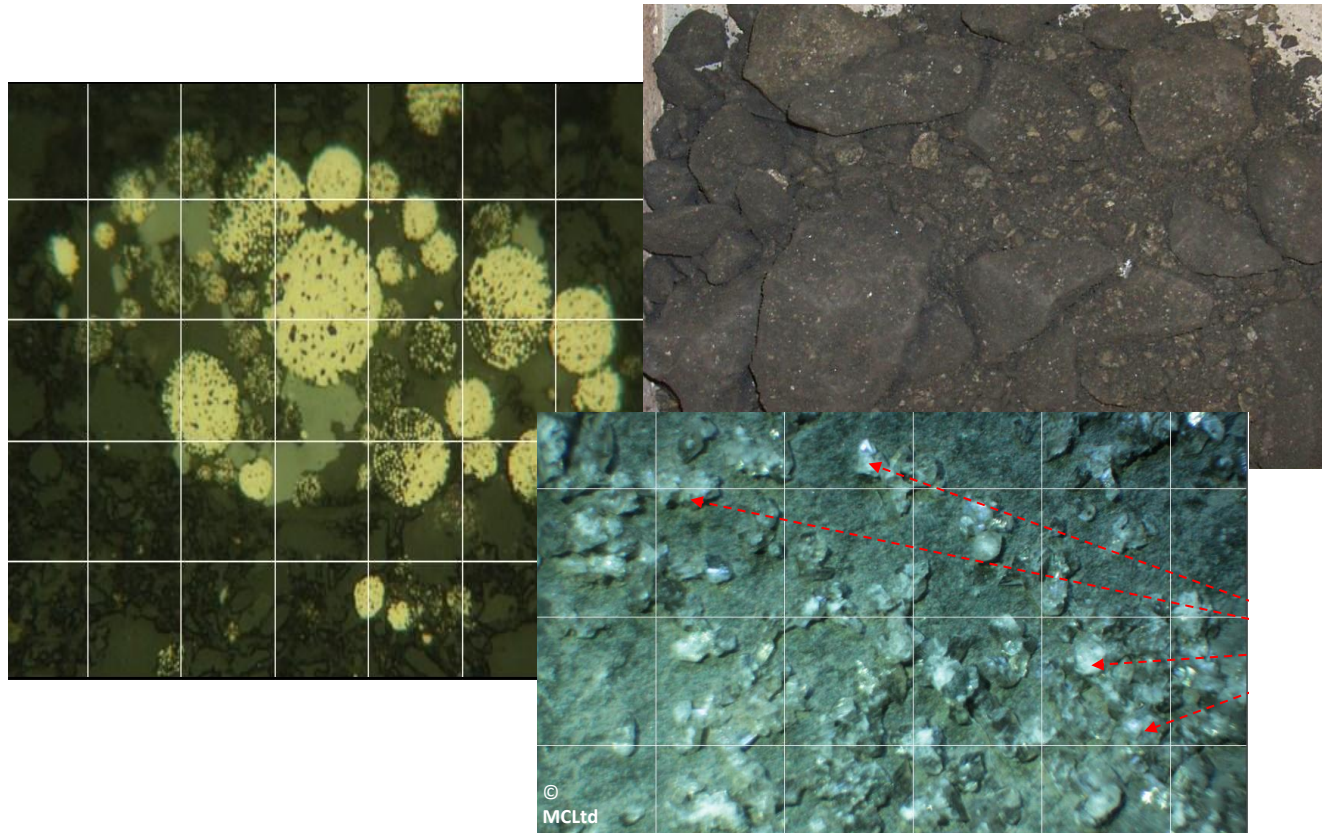




Assessment of Hardcore for Pyrite Induced Heave



Paul Quigley, IGSL Ltd, BEng CEng MIEI MICE FGS

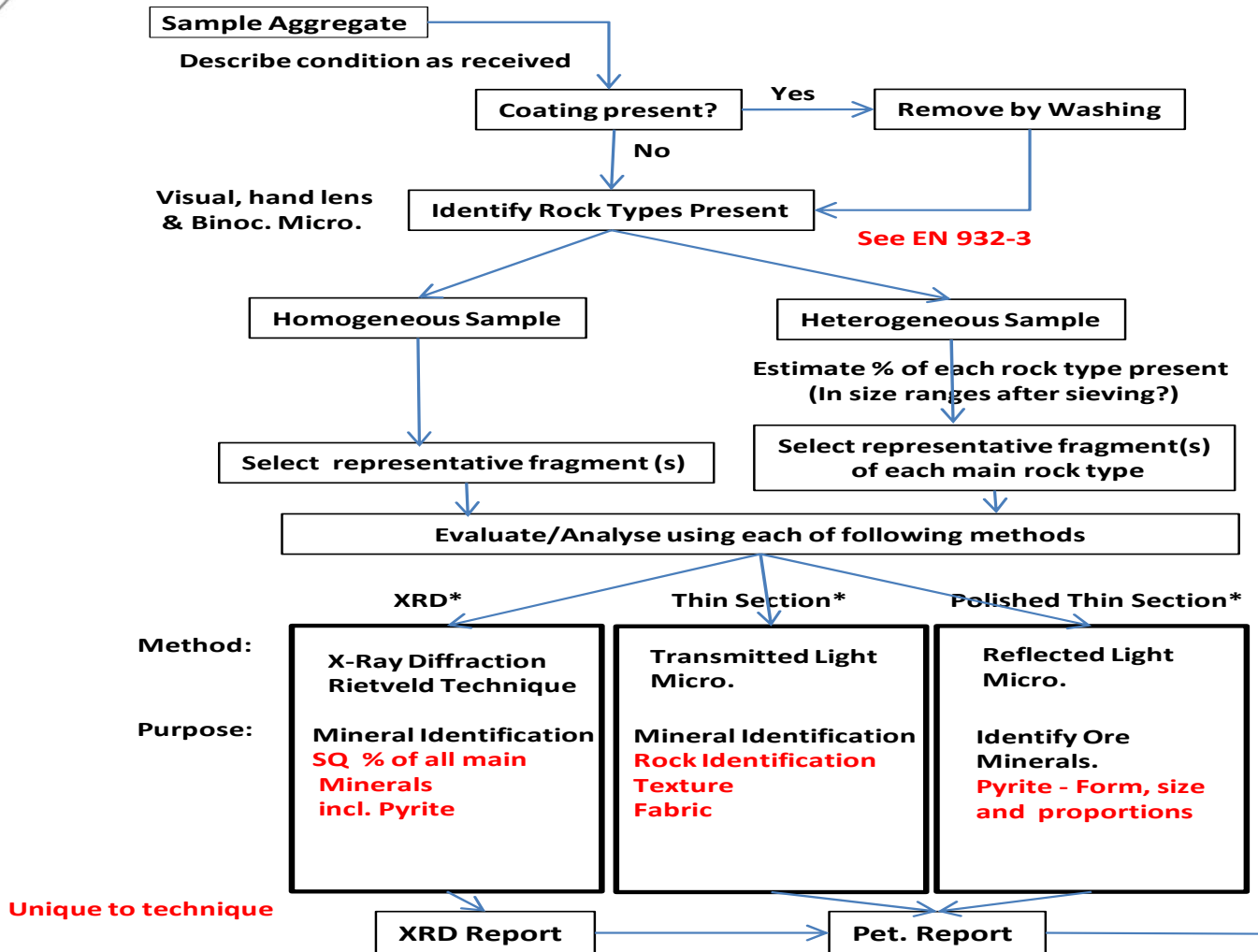


Geological Classification of Hardcore

1. Describe 'as-received' sample
2. Remove coatings by washing
3. Identify rock types present & reaction products / precipitation
4. Estimate % of each type
5. Select sample for chemical suite (TS, AS, WSS, CaCO₃). Use rifle / quartering or judicious sample selection?
6. Select sample for Petrology & XRD – must be judicious to evaluate the 'undesirable' fraction(s)
7. Physical testing to assess durability / soundness of aggregate
8. Evaluate potential for pyrite induced swelling using combined results



Analysis Logic





Images of Hardcore Samples

Hardcore Sample



Thick Coating of Mud/Silt



Remove Coating by Washing



Washed Fragments





Washed Fragments (>20mm)





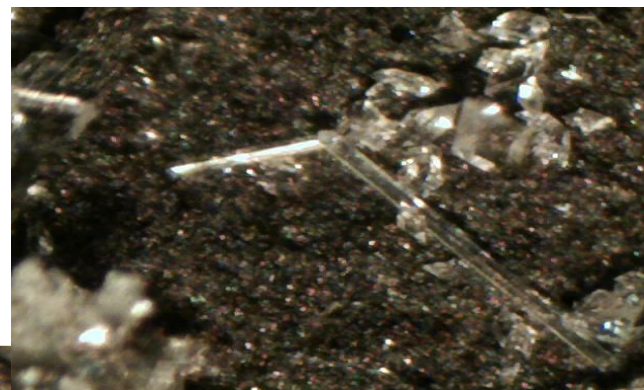
Muddy Limestone Fragment



Minerals in Coating and on Fragment Surface



Microscopy Images of Fragment Surfaces



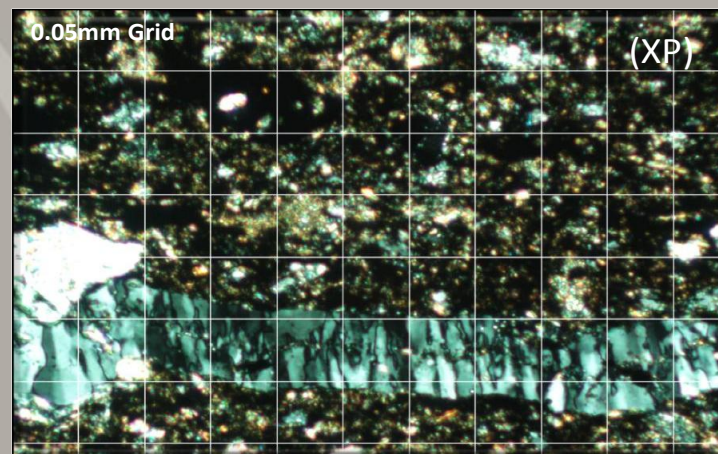
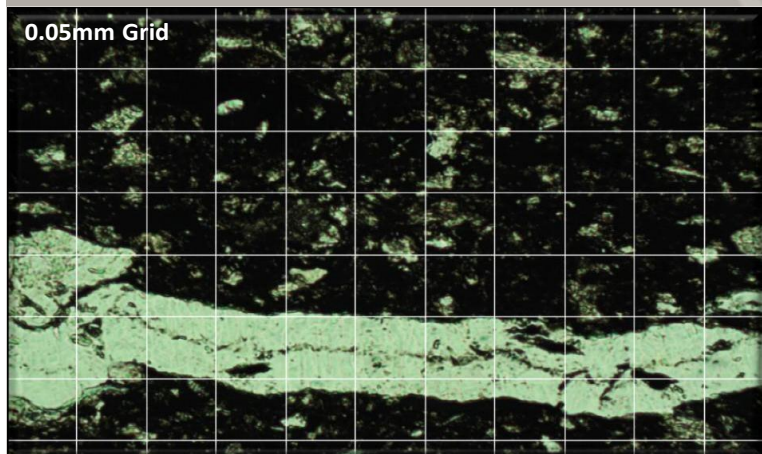
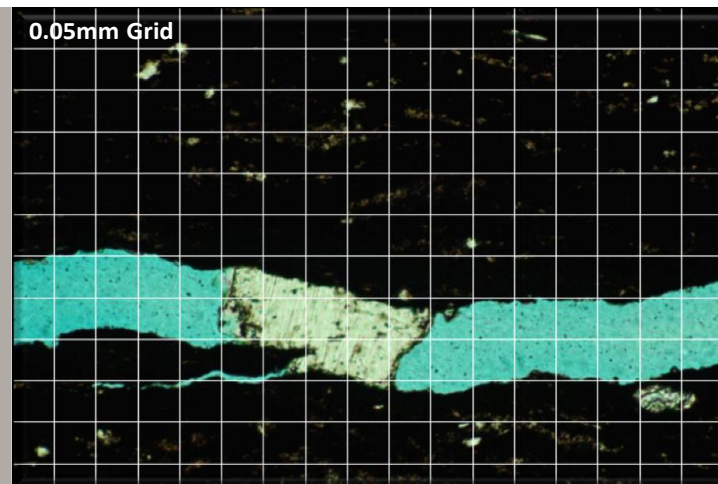
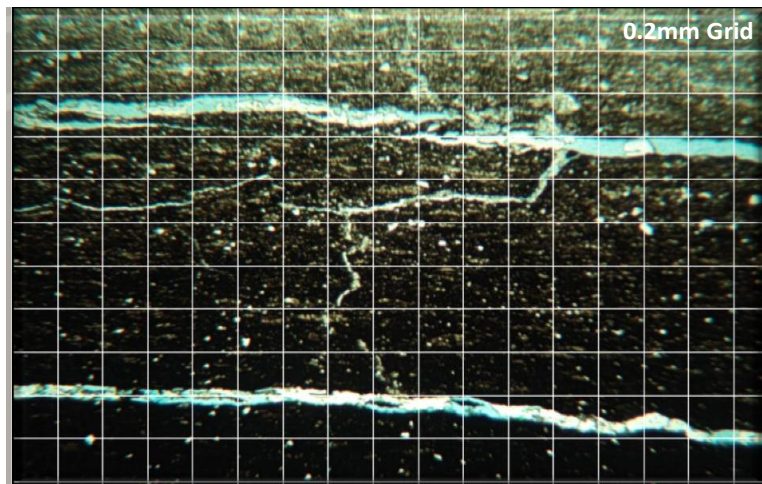


Gypsum on Fragment Surface



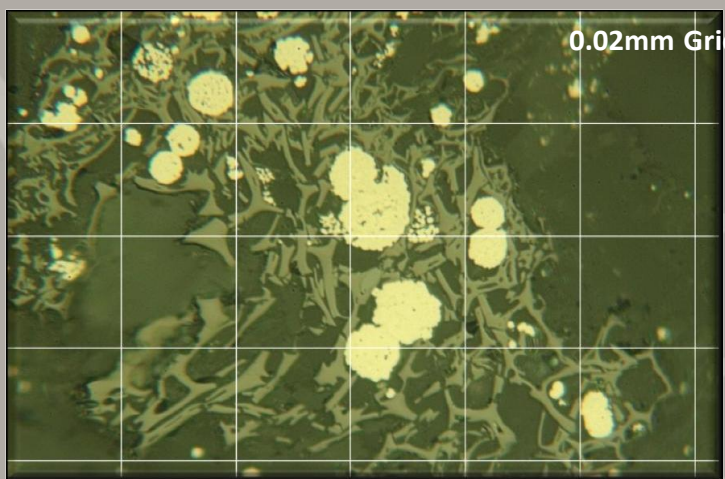
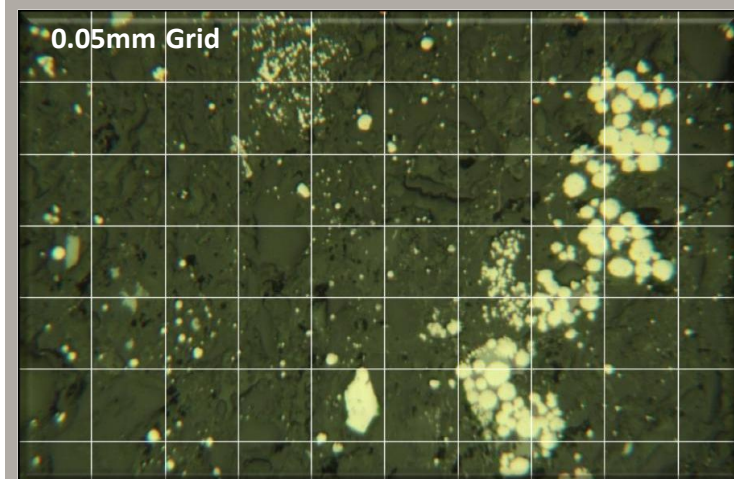
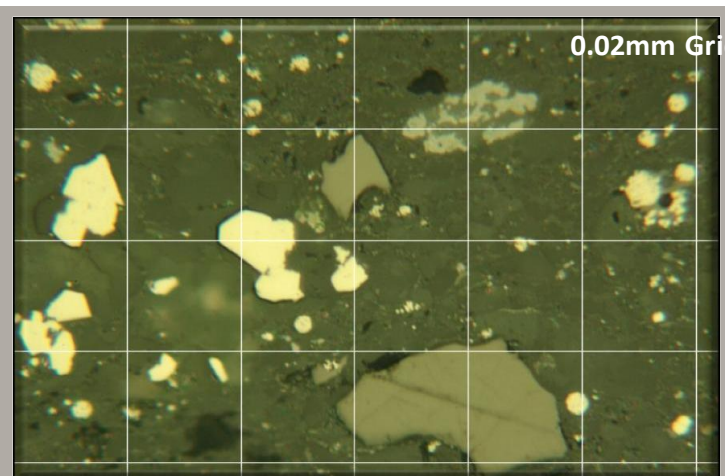
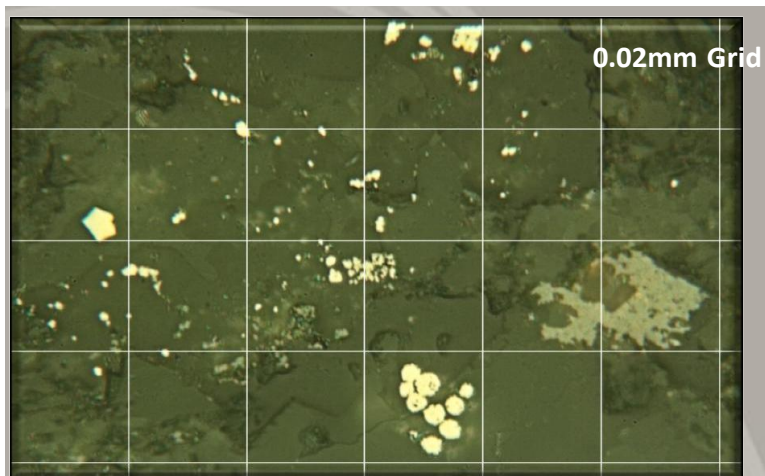


Fractures filled with gypsum



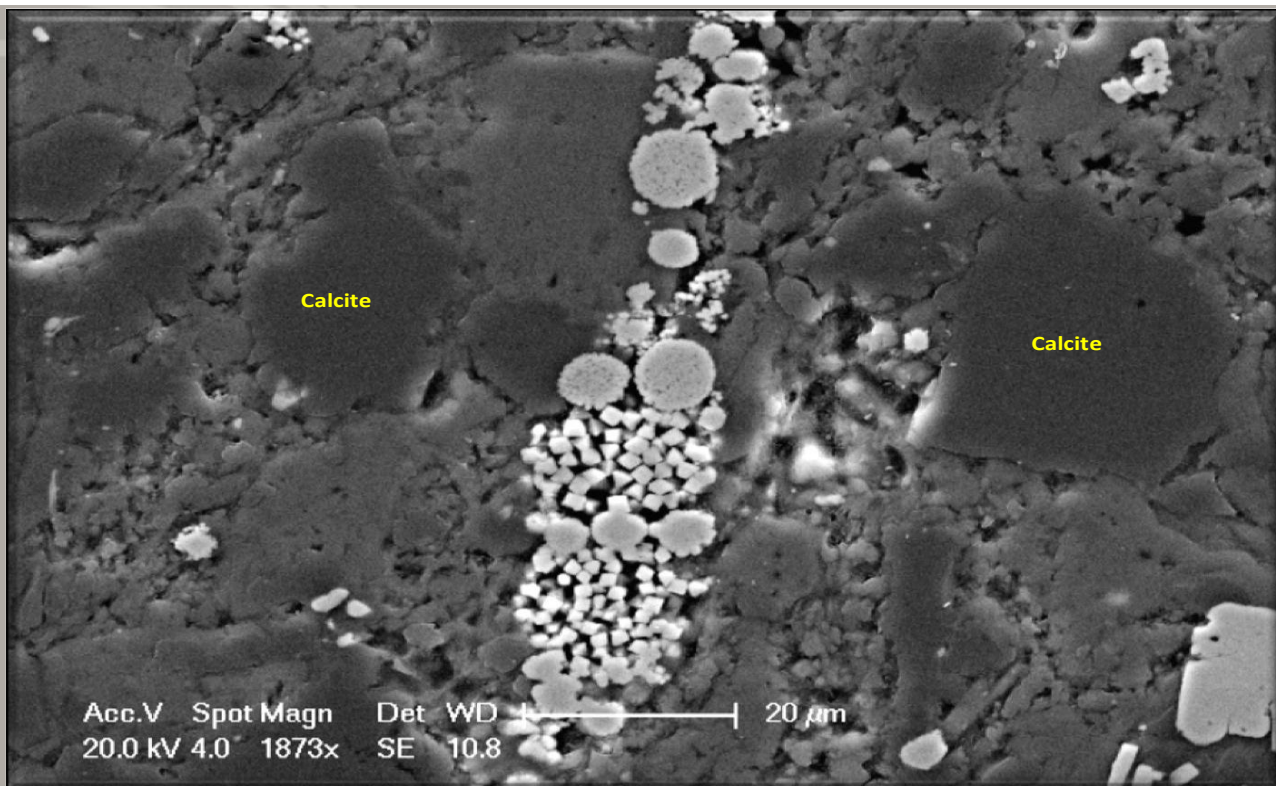


Polished Thin Sections





Scanned Electron (SE) Image

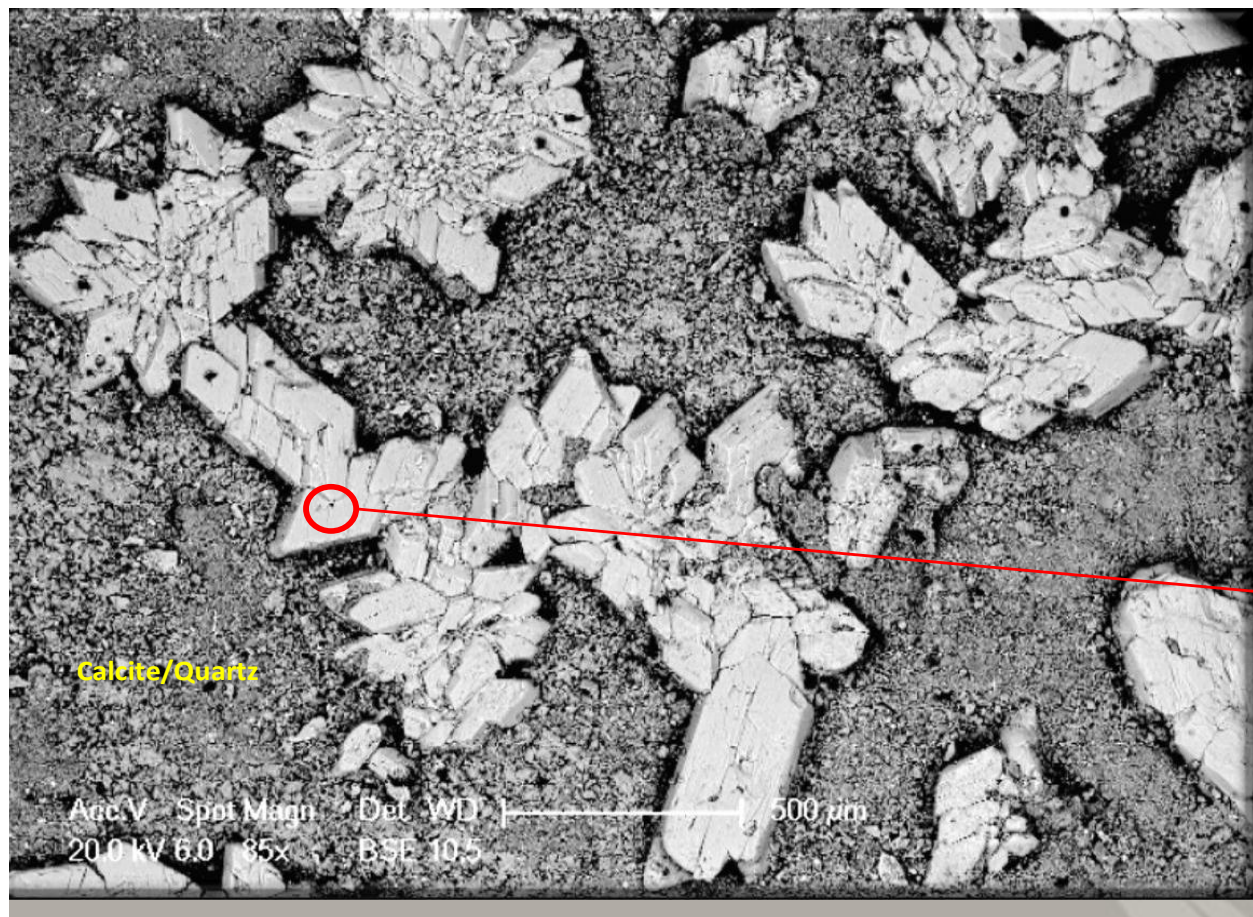


Polished Section

Framboidal and Cubic Pyrite within a matrix of Calcite Crystals.



SEM Image & Spot Elemental Composition





Forceful growth of gypsum vein

